# **Brazosport College**

#### Syllabus for PTAC 2438 – Process Technology III – Operations

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## I. COURSE DESCRIPTION:

#### PTAC 2438 - Process Technology III - Operations CIP 4103010003

This course combines systems into operational processes with emphasis on operations under various conditions. Topics include typical duties of an operator. Laboratory exercises include the operation of a life-size distillation unit (Process Equipment Trainer). **Credit Hours:** 4 (3 lecture, 3 lab)

Chad Abney

Gregg Curry

Ron Colwell

Mark Farrar

Kenneth Resecker

Mark Stoltenberg

Gary Hicks

Jeff Detrick

## A. Prerequisite: Grade of "C" or better in PTAC 2420. Required skill level: College-level reading, writing and math.

# II. COURSE OBJECTIVES

At the conclusion of the course:

# The operation of the process equipment trainer (PET) will be used to reinforce the following course objectives.

TOPIC	OBJECTIVES	
TOPIC Introduction to Operations	<ol> <li>Discuss the importance of this course as a capstone experience in the Process Technology program and how the material learned here will prepare the student for work "on-the-job".</li> <li>Recall the history and development of the process technician role within the process industries.</li> <li>Apply the key concepts from the following course:         <ul> <li>Process Technology I – Equipment</li> <li>Process Technology II – Systems</li> <li>Instrumentation</li> </ul> </li> <li>Discuss the term "operations" and its process industries synonyms.</li> <li>List the various process technician roles and responsibilities (i.e., "outside" versus "control room" tasks) within an operating unit.</li> <li>Operate and monitor unit from the control room (i.e., via DCS)</li> <li>Operate and monitor unit from the outside (i.e., by making rounds)</li> <li>Take and analyze (as required) samples (i.e., composite, grab, bomb, etc.)</li> <li>Perform housekeeping activities</li> <li>Conduct safety inspections</li> <li>Handle materials</li> <li>Prepare for, assist with, and/or perform maintenance as required.</li> <li>Discuss the activities that may be the responsibility of the process technician of the future.</li> <li>Discuss the importance of continual learning for process technicians.</li> </ol>	
Diagrams for the Operating Unit	<ol> <li>Discuss the purpose of a block flow diagram (BFD).</li> <li>Identify the major processing stages, which make up the generic operating unit (i.e., TimTene, campus unit, or unit at a local facility).</li> <li>Identify the plant auxiliary and utility systems, which support the generic operating unit.</li> <li>Describe the purpose of a process flow diagram (PFD) and the information and symbology found on a PFD.</li> <li>Trace the process flow through the operating unit using the PFD.</li> </ol>	

Diagnama for the	6 Identify all process systems included in the sense is an anti-		
Diagrams for the	6. Identify all process systems included in the generic operating unit from the PED		
Operating	from the PFD.		
Unit (cont.)	7. Identify all major process equipment associated with the generic operating unit from the PFD.		
	8. Describe the purpose of a plot plan and the information found on a Center for the Advancement of Process Technology plot plan.		
	9. Discuss the purpose of a piping and instrumentation diagram (P&ID) and the information and symbology found on a P&ID.		
	10. Describe how the various areas and systems within the operating		
	unit will be monitored and controlled (i.e., making rounds vs. via DCS).		
	11. Identify all local instruments for a Generic Unit using P&IDs.		
	(Note: Filtration and Refrigeration systems are normally used at		
	local community colleges).		
	12. Describe local/field instruments in terms of:		
	• The process variable monitored by the instrument		
	Normal range		
	Description of instrument function		
Commissioning	1. Define the term "commissioning".		
U	2. Differentiate between starting up a new unit versus starting up an		
	existing unit (i.e., design flaws, unknowns, etc.).		
Procedure	Given a process scenario, the student PT will write a normal		
Writing	operations procedure that ensures safety and environmental		
	compliance with SH&E and OSHA regulations and minimizes		
	downtime.		
Normal Startup -	1. Discuss the different types of startups: normal/routine startup,		
Overview and	startup after emergency shutdown, startup after equipment		
Communication	maintenance, and startup after turnaround.		
	2. Discuss unit startup activities as they relate OSHA's PSM		
	(Process Safety Management of Highly Hazardous Materials)		
	standard, specifically by PSM's Pre-Startup Safety Review element.		
	3. Describe the risks and hazards associated with unit startup.		
	4. Given a process flow diagram (PFD) and following safe operating		
	procedures:		
	<ul> <li>identify typical activities involved when placing equipment into service and bringing a unit online</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>List all the departments and personnel who will be involved</li> </ul>		
	in or affected by the unit startup		
	<ul> <li>List the types of information that will need to be</li> </ul>		
	• List the types of information that will need to be communicated regarding unit startup		
	5. Discuss the communication methods that might be used at		
	different points during the process of starting up the unit		
Normal Startup -	1. Discuss the importance of obtaining an accurate estimate for when		
Preparing Equipment	equipment will be returned from maintenance personnel.		
for Return to	equipment will be returned from manifemance personnel.		
Service			

Normal Startup -	2. List the energy and equipment isolation methods and devices that			
Preparing Equipment	must to be removed after equipment maintenance.			
for Return to	3. List the equipment used by maintenance or contractors, which may			
Service (cont.)	need to be removed.			
	4. List the final safeguards, which should be taken prior to returning			
	the equipment to service.			
	5. List the common inspections needed to assure mechanical			
	integrity.			
Normal Startup –	<ol> <li>Review the OSHA Control of Hazardous Energy (Lockout/Tagout)</li> </ol>			
Removal of				
Energy Isolation	standard. 2.Discuss the various methods and devices which can be used to			
Devices				
Devices	isolate equipment from the various types of energy sources:			
	• Lock			
	• Tag			
	• Blind			
	Double block and bleed			
	• Break			
	• Disconnect			
	Switch gear			
	3.Discuss the various types of energy sources that must be isolated:			
	Chemical			
	Electrical			
	<ul><li>Hydraulic</li></ul>			
	<ul> <li>Mechanical</li> </ul>			
	Pneumatic			
	Thermal			
	4. Identify the points where energy isolation is required, and the			
	device/method used at each point.			
	5.Discuss who should remove the energy isolation devices.			
	6. Discuss the steps that must be followed when removing energy			
	solation devices.			
Normal Startup –	1. Describe the purpose and function of the utility and auxiliary			
Utilities and	systems, which support the operating unit:			
Auxiliaries	Boiler Feed Water Treatment System			
	Steam Generation and Distribution			
	Cooling Tower and Cooling Water System			
	<ul> <li>Air System</li> </ul>			
	Water System			
	Electrical			
	Natural Gas			
	Nitrogen			
	• Sewer			
	<ul><li>Sewer</li><li>Flare and Relief</li></ul>			
	• Refrigeration			
	2. Describe the hazards associated with starting up each system.			
	3. Describe the precautions that must be taken to mitigate the			
	hazards associated with starting up the utility systems.			

Normal Startup – Utilities and Auxiliaries (cont.) Normal Startup - Process Unit	<ul> <li>4. Given a utility flow diagram (UFD) list the steps required to startup steam and systems, including valve alignment: <ul> <li>Identify all valves that must be checked for proper alignment.</li> <li>State the proper position for each valve for startup.</li> <li>State whether the valves will be check via the DCS and/or via the field technician.</li> <li>Position the valves correctly</li> </ul> </li> <li>1. Describe the hazards associated with starting up each process system and the unit.</li> </ul>
	<ol> <li>Describe the precautions that must be taken to mitigate the hazards associated with starting up each process system and the unit.</li> <li>Discuss the order in which the various process, auxiliary, and utility systems should be started up.</li> <li>List the steps required to start a process unit.</li> </ol>
Normal Operations – Field Technician	<ol> <li>List all of the types of equipment within an operating unit, such as a Filtration System and Refrigeration System that will be monitored and/or started, stopped or switched by the field technician, such as:         <ul> <li>Compressors</li> <li>Exchangers</li> <li>Motors</li> <li>Pumps</li> <li>Valves</li> <li>Vessels</li> <li>And others</li> </ul> </li> <li>Describe how specific types of equipment must be monitored to ensure proper operation.</li> <li>Describe how to check various types of equipment for vapor and liquid leaks.</li> <li>Explain the corrective action that should be taken for each type of leak.</li> <li>Discuss environmental impact of leaks and failure to take corrective action.</li> <li>Describe typical equipment, tools and personal protective equipment required when performing routine tasks in the field.</li> <li>Discuss other types of personal protective equipment that may be required when performing routine field tasks in hazardous environments.         <ul> <li>Flash suits</li> <li>SCBA (Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus)</li> <li>Face shields</li> <li>Chemical Resistant Suits</li> </ul> </li> </ol>

Normal	1 Distinguish botwan an analog (maymatic/alastronia) control	
	1. Distinguish between an analog (pneumatic/electronic) control	
Operations –	system versus a digital (Distributive Control System,	
Control Room	Programmable Logic Controller) system.	
Technician	2. Differentiate between instruments that:	
	Control	
	• Indicate	
	• Record	
	3. Identify instruments that have alarm and/or shutdown functions.	
	4. Identify instruments that are included in logic systems.	
	5. Identify the set point, alarm, shut down, and trip information.	
	6. List the possible causes for level and flow alarms.	
	7. List the corrective actions for level and flow alarms.	
	8. Discuss the importance of communicating with other technicians	
	and other units prior to taking certain corrective action.	
	9. Discuss other duties typically assigned to the board operator, such	
N	as data entry, recordkeeping, etc.	
Normal	1. Given a process scenario (i.e., process flow diagram, piping and	
Operations -	instrument diagram, model, etc.) during receiving, storage or	
Other Duties	transfer activities:	
	• Identify the process streams within an operating unit that will	
	require periodic sampling	
	• Describe the sampling procedures and equipment that are used for different sampling events	
	• Discuss the personal protective equipment that must be used	
	• Discuss the personal protective equipment that must be used while performing different sampling activities	
	2. Explain the importance of following the sampling procedure	
	precisely.	
	<ol> <li>Discuss the process technician's role in sample analysis.</li> </ol>	
	<ul><li>4. Discuss the various types of analyses (methods and equipment)</li></ul>	
	4. Discuss the various types of analyses (methods and equipment) conducted on process samples.	
	5. Explain the importance of sample analysis to the proper unit	
	operation.	
	6. Identify the points within the operating unit where the following	
	types of process materials are handled manually:	
	<ul> <li>Supply materials (lube oil, etc.)</li> </ul>	
	• Catalyst and chemicals	
	<ol> <li>Discuss the equipment used to receive, store or transfer materials</li> </ol>	
	at various points.	
	<ol> <li>B. Discuss the procedures used to receive, store or transfer materials</li> </ol>	
	including:	
	<ul> <li>Proper labeling</li> </ul>	
	Proper documentation     Drachast identification	
	Product identification	
	• Specifications (Certificate of Quality, etc.)	
	9. Discuss the hazards associated with receiving, storing or	
	transferring various raw materials and finished products.	

Normal	10. Discuss the personal protective equipment that must be used	
<b>Operations</b> -	while performing various receiving, storage or transfer during	
Other Duties (cont.)	material handling activities.	
Normal	<ol> <li>Define "housekeeping" in process industries terms.</li> </ol>	
Operations –	<ol> <li>List the types of tasks that can be categorized as housekeeping.</li> </ol>	
-		
Housekeeping	3. Explain why attention to housekeeping is important.	
and Complying	4. Discuss the personal protective equipment that must be used	
with SH&E	while performing various housekeeping activities.	
Policies	<ol> <li>Discuss safety, health, and environmental risks or hazards found within the process industries.</li> </ol>	
	6. Discuss-methods to minimize or prevent these risks or hazards.	
	<ol> <li>Discuss typical SH&amp;E policies and procedures, which may be implemented in order to minimize or prevent SH&amp;E risks and/or hazards.</li> </ol>	
	8. Discuss how unit personnel assist in this implementation.	
	9. Identify the safety equipment located in the various areas of the	
	operating unit.	
	10. Describe what items are inspected when checking each piece of	
	safety equipment.	
	11. Describe how often each piece of safety equipment is inspected.	
Normal	1. Discuss the basic components associated with effective verbal	
<b>Operations</b> -	communication: sender, receiver, message, interference, and	
Verbal	feedback.	
Communication	<ol> <li>Discuss the key obstacles that prevent effective verbal</li> </ol>	
Communication	communication.	
	<ol> <li>Demonstrate effective verbal communication techniques to ask</li> </ol>	
	for or provide information.	
	<ol> <li>Identify and describe the various roles within the Operations</li> </ol>	
	Department with which process technicians will communicate.	
	5. Identify and describe the various roles from other areas of the	
	plant with which process technicians will communicate.	
	<ol> <li>Discuss the various types of information that may be exchanged verbally (face-to-face) between these personnel/departments and process technicians.</li> </ol>	
	7. Discuss verbal and non-verbal communication methods used in	
	noisy environments (i.e., Hand signals).	
	<ol> <li>8. List the different types of electronic communication devices</li> </ol>	
	(radios, intercoms, phones, cell phones, voice-activated radios,	
	etc.) used in the process industries today.	
	communication devices.	
	10. Discuss the features and functions that should be tested for	
	operability prior to using the electronic communication device.	
	11. Demonstrate how to test the electronic communication device for	
	operability.	
	12. Discuss proper protocol for using these different types of	
	electronic communication devices.	

Normal	1 Deview the basic components of written communication		
	1. Review the basic components of written communication		
Operations - Written	(grammar, spelling, style, legibility, transitions, etc.) for clear,		
Communication	<ul><li>concise, and descriptive communication.</li><li>2. Review-the basic components of good writing: preparation,</li></ul>		
Communication	2. Review-the basic components of good writing: preparation, formatting, drafting and proofreading.		
	<ol> <li>Identify and describe the various personnel within the Operations</li> </ol>		
Department with which process technicians will com			
	writing.		
	4. Identify and describe the various personnel from other areas of		
	the plant with which process technicians will communicate in		
	writing.		
	5. Discuss the various types of information that may be exchanged		
	in written form (using paper or electronic means) between these		
	personnel/departments and process technicians.		
	6. Discuss situations when written communication (electronic or		
	paper) should be used rather than verbal communication, and vice		
	versa.		
	7. Discuss the importance of following company guidelines when		
	preparing written communication whether paper or electronic.		
	8. Demonstrate effective written communication techniques for		
	asking or providing information.		
Normal	. State the types of information which need to be communicated		
<b>Operations - Shift</b>	during shift change:		
Change	• Unit status		
	• Alarms		
	Equipment condition/problems		
	Procedures in progress		
	Process trends		
	• Maintenance activity completed, in-progress, and planned		
	• Presence of non-operating personnel		
	• Status of permits in force		
	2. Discuss the level of detail necessary to accurately convey		
	complete unit status information.		
	3. Describe how a typical shift change occurs.		
	personnel involved		
	<ul> <li>importance of making timely relief</li> </ul>		
	• location		
	4. List the documentation used during a typical shift change.		
	5. Discuss the importance of establishing good relationships with		
	members of your shift and members of other shifts.		

Abnormal	1 Discuss what two a of events could be considered "emergency	
<b>Operations</b> -	<ol> <li>Discuss what types of events could be considered "emergency situations".</li> </ol>	
Emergencies		
Emergencies	2. Describe how operating personnel prepare for each situation (i.e., drills, exercises).	
	<ol> <li>Discuss actions that should be taken to mitigate each situation.</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>Discuss actions that should be taken to intigate each situation.</li> <li>Discuss what types of conditions could be considered "emergency</li> </ol>	
	operations".	
	<ol> <li>Identify possible causes for these various conditions.</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>Discuss possible corrective action for each of the various possible</li> </ol>	
	causes.	
	7. Discuss how each of these critical conditions could affect the	
	normal operation of the unit's process, utility, and auxiliary	
	systems.	
	<ol> <li>B. Discuss the field technician's role during emergency situations</li> </ol>	
	and operations.	
	9. Discuss the board technician's role during emergency situations	
	and operations.	
Abnormal	1. Given a potential emergency scenario and appropriate resources	
<b>Operations</b> –	(P&IDs, process flow sheets, etc.), write an emergency procedure	
Applications	that complies with SH&E practices and OSHA regulations.	
	2. Given an emergency scenario and an emergency procedure,	
	demonstrate the appropriate emergency response to the	
	emergency operating situation that complies with SH&E practices	
	and OSHA regulations.	
Normal Shutdown -	1. Differentiate between the types of shutdowns: normal/routine	
Overview and	shutdown, emergency shutdown, shutdown for equipment	
Communications	maintenance, and shutdown for turnaround.	
	2. Describe the risks and hazards associated with unit shutdown.	
	3. Describe how unit shutdown activities are covered by OSHA's	
	PSM (Process Safety Management of Highly Hazardous	
	Materials) standard.	
	4. List the key activities involved in performing a normal/routine	
	shut down.	
	5. List all departments and personnel who will be involved in, or	
	affected by, the unit shutdown.	
	6. List the types of information that will need to be communicated	
	regarding unit shutdown.	
	7. Discuss the communication methods that might be used at	
	different points during the process of shutting down the unit.	
Normal	1. Given a scenario, discuss the order in which the various process	
Shutdown -	auxiliary and utility systems should be shut down.	
Shutdown Brogggg Unit	2. For a process system:	
Process Unit	• Describe the hazards associated with shutting a system down.	
	• Describe the precautions that must be taken to mitigate the	
	hazards associated with shutting down each system.	
Normal	• List the steps required to shut down each system.	
Normal		

Shutdown -	• Discuss how shutdown of the process system affects upstream	
Shutdown - Shutdown	and downstream processes	
Process Unit	1	
(cont.)	For an auxiliary system:	
	system.	
	• Describe the precautions that must be taken to mitigate the	
	hazards associated with shutting down each system.	
	• List the steps required to shut down each system.	
	4. For a utility system:	
	• Describe the hazards associated with shutting down the system.	
	• Describe the precautions that must be taken to mitigate the	
	hazards associated with shutting down each system.	
	• List the steps required to shut down each system.	
	5. Discuss the importance of following the written procedure and	
	the protocol for handling discrepancies between the documented	
<b>.</b>	procedure and actual steps followed to complete the task.	
Equipment	1. Describe the risks and hazards involved when preparing	
Maintenance -	equipment for routine maintenance.	
Overview and	2. Given a piece of equipment, describe the key activities necessary	
Communications	for preparing the equipment for routine maintenance.	
	• Shutdown	
	Decontamination	
	Isolation	
	Lockout	
	3. Discuss all departments and personnel who will be involved in, or	
	affected by, the equipment maintenance.	
	4. Discuss the types of information that will need to be	
	communicated regarding the preparation of equipment for routine	
	maintenance.	
	5. Discuss the communication methods that might be used at	
	different points during the performance of routine maintenance.	
Equipment	1. Discuss the advantages of preventive maintenance with the	
Maintenance -	disadvantages of reactive maintenance.	
Economic	Discuss the types of preventive maintenance that should be	
Impact (preventive	performed on a piece of equipment.	
versus reactive)	Discuss the process technician's role in the performance of	
,	various preventive maintenance activities.	
	4. Propose a schedule for performing preventive maintenance for the	
	selected piece of equipment.	
	5. Describe the types of expenses associated with preventive	
	maintenance.	
	6. Describe the types of expenses associated with reactive	
	maintenance.	

<b>F</b> 4			
Equipment	7. Compare the economic impact associated with preventive		
Maintenance -	maintenance versus reactive maintenance.		
Economic	8. Describe the types of reactive maintenance that may be required in the absence of a preventive maintenance program		
Impact (preventive	in the absence of a preventive maintenance program.		
versus reactive)			
(cont.)			
Equipment	1. Provide examples of possible safety issues surrounding		
Maintenance -	equipment maintenance activities:		
SH&E Impact	Breaking into piping or equipment		
	• Vessel entry		
	• Electrical work		
	• Hot tapping, etc.		
	2. Describe measures to take to minimize the safety issues		
	surrounding equipment maintenance such as:		
	Confined space entry		
	Energy/Equipment isolation		
	Equipment Decontamination		
	Equipment identification		
	• Fall protection		
	Barricades		
	Proper communication		
	3. Discuss examples of possible health issues surrounding		
	equipment maintenance (such as exposure to hazardous		
	materials).		
	4. Discuss measures to take to minimize the health issues		
	surrounding equipment maintenance such as.		
	• Proper use of PPE		
	• Issuance of all necessary permits		
	decontamination		
	5. Discuss possible environmental issues surrounding equipment		
	maintenance such as:		
	• Leaks		
	• Spills		
	Contaminated equipment		
	Chemical waste		
	6. Describe measures to take to minimize the environmental issues		
	surrounding equipment maintenance.		
	Waste disposal		
	Spill cleanup		
	<ul><li>Housekeeping</li></ul>		
	<ul><li>Proper decontamination</li></ul>		
Equipment	Image: Troper decontainination           1. Discuss the types of documentation that must be completed prior		
Maintenance -	to performing maintenance on a selected piece of equipment.		
Documentation	<ol> <li>Discuss the role the process technician may have in preparing</li> </ol>		
and Permits	each type of documentation.		
	<ol> <li>Explain the purpose of a work permit.</li> </ol>		
	J. Explain the purpose of a work permit.		

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Equipment	4. List the various types of work permits used within the process	
Maintenance -	industries.	
Documentation	5. List the departments or groups that may need to be consulted	
and Permits (cont.)	and/or sign a work permit.	
Equipment	1. Differentiate between energy sources and devices used for	
Maintenance -	isolation. Discuss the methods used to clear equipment.	
Equipment	Discuss the methods used to clear equipment. Describe the purpose of various PPE (Personal Protective	
Isolation	3. Describe the purpose of various PPE (Personal Protective	
	Equipment) used during equipment clearing and isolation.	
	4. Identify the appropriate PPE (Personal Protective Equipment) for	
	use in a specific clearing and isolation scenario.	
Turnarounds	1. Define the term "turnaround".	
	2. Differentiate between routine maintenance and work performed	
	during turnaround.	
	3. Given a scenario, list the tasks which must be completed and	
	discuss the process technicians role to adequately prepare for a	
	turnaround.	
	4. Compare and contrast routine shutdown versus shutting down for	
	turnaround.	
	5. Describe the role of the process technician in unit turnarounds.	
	6. Compare and contrast routine startup versus starting up after	
	turnaround.	
	Discuss PSM's Management of Change requirements in	
	relationship to turnarounds.	
	. Discuss the PSM's Pre-Startup Safety Review requirements in	
	relationship to turnarounds.	
	9. Given a scenario, list the tasks which must be completed and	
	discuss the process technicians role for successful startup	
	following a turnaround.	
	Removal of energy isolation devices	
	Purging	
	Pressure testing of equipment	
	Vessel and/or piping inventory	
	• Installation of plugs, caps, blind flanges, etc.	
	10. Explain how unit personnel would evaluate the success of a	
	turnaround.	
	Zero injuries	
	<ul> <li>Zero injurici</li> <li>Zero environmental incidents</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Successful startup</li> </ul>	
	-	
	On time and on budget	
	Improved plant performance	

# III. STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES

OUTC	COMES	METHOD OF ASSESSMENT
1.	Using process diagrams (P&IDs, PFDs) and operating procedures describe how an operator would startup and operate a plant under normal operating conditions.	Lab assignment during semester.
2.	Describe the major steps performed during startup (initial commissioning, routine startup, and startup following a turnaround) of a process to meet normal operating conditions, including safety and environmental regulations.	Final exam questions.
3.	Demonstrate roles and responsibilities of a process technician during normal operating activities (shift change, monitoring controls and equipment, sampling, communications, etc.).	Operations questions on final exam.
4.	Given an abnormal situation, identify appropriate corrective actions to return the process to either a steady- state operation or perform a safe emergency shutdown.	Lab exercise during the semester.
5.	Describe the major steps performed during normal shutdown activities, including meeting safety and environmental regulations.	Operations final exam questions.
6.	Describe steps taken to safely prepare equipment for both routine and shutdown maintenance activities (e.g., isolation, decontamination, permitting) and then returning equipment to service.	Operations final exam questions.

#### SKILL STANDARDS LEARNING OUTCOMES

The following list of learning outcomes are Key Activities from the Chemical/Refining Process Technician skill standards, developed by the North American Process Technology Alliance (NAPTA), and recognized by the Texas Skill Standards Board (TSSB). These outcomes have been integrated into PTAC 2438, Process Technology III - Operations.

- 1. Monitor and Regulate Distillation System.
- 2. Monitor and Regulate Continuous Reaction System
- 3. Monitor and Regulate Steam System.
- 4. Monitor and Regulate Utility Air System.
- 5. Receive Chemical Materials
- 6. Store Chemical Materials

#### IV. TEXTBOOK OR COURSE MATERIAL INFORMATION

#### A. Textbook

- 1. Process Training Using the P.E.T. Safety & Exercises, Willis, BC Custom Publisher, Jan. 2019 (required)
- 2. Process Training Using the P.E.T. Procedures, Willis/Colwell/Mergenhagen/Farrar/Curry, BC Custom Publisher, August 2020 (required)
- 3. Process Training using the P.E.T. Simulator Procedures and Problems, Willis/Colwell/Mergenhagen, BC Custom Publisher, July. 2018 (required)
- 4. Hardhat (required)
- 5. Face mask (required)
- 6. Face shield (One provided by BC)
- 7. Gloves (Vinyl &or/ Cotton Gloves provided by BC)
- 8. Laminated Sheets (required)
- 9. Package of Black fine point dry erase markers (required)
- 10. Safety Glasses (required)
- 11. Pencil(s) and Pen (required)
- 12. Ruler straight edge (required)

Required course materials are available at the Brazosport College bookstore, on campus or online at <u>http://brazosport.edu/bookstore/home.html.</u> A student of this institution is not under any obligation to purchase a textbook from the college bookstore. The same textbook is/may also be available from an independent retailer, including an online retailer."

**For Distance Education Courses include the following:** Contact the Brazosport College Bookstore with a credit card for course materials. Phone: 979-230-3651. Fax: 979-230-3653. Email: <u>bookstore@brazosport.edu</u>. Website: <u>http://brazosport.edu/bookstore/home.html</u>

Process Technology III - Operations is one of the core courses in the Process Technology Degree. The two-year program has been created to train students for careers as Process Technicians in the chemical and refining process industries.

Process Technology III – Operations combines systems into operational processes with emphasis on operations under various conditions. Topics include typical duties of an operator. Laboratory exercises include the operation of a life-size distillation unit (Process Equipment Trainer). This course is considered to be a capstone course.

## **B.** Course Outline

This is a sample outline which may vary with individual instructors. It will also vary based on whether the course is a summer course or a fall/spring course. Students should contact their instructor for the outline of the course they are taking.

PTAC-	2438 Oper	ations Spi	ring 202	1 Lecture	& Lab Sch	edule	
		•					
Ron Colwell		Office PT-102		Phone: 979-230- 3384		Email: Ronald.Colwell@brazosport.edu	
Week	Class Number	Date	Day of Week	Time Allotted for Class	Lecture/ Lab	Plan for Class	Paper Quiz
1	1	12-Jan	Т	3	Lab	Review Syllabus, Hand out and discuss exams, begin drawing the plant.	
1	2	14-Jan	Th	2	Lecture	Complete plant drawing and review purpose of equipment. Introduction to Symtronics. D2L materials/Air Compressor Slides	
2	3	19-Jan	Т	3	Lab	Teams - Begin plant operations - walk out air compressor system and discuss plant activity as an operator, review slides on air compressor system/Select Blue Book Exercises	1
2	4	21-Jan	Th	2	Lecture	Feed to the Tower and Control of the Process	
3	5	26-Jan	Т	3	Lab	Plant Operations - Stroke Control Valves/Feed to Tower	2
3	6	28-Jan	Th	2	Lecture	Level Control & Instrumentation Details	
4	7	2-Feb	Т	3	Lab	Plant Operations - Stroke Ctl Valves/Feed to Tower and Level Control	3
4	8	4-Feb	Th	2	Lecture	Vacuum System	
5	9	9-Feb	Т	3	Lab	Plant Operations - Stroke Control Valves/Feed to Tower/Level Control/Vacuum System	4
5	10	11-Feb	Th	2	Lecture	Boiler Operation	
6	11	16-Feb	Т	3	Lab	Plant Operations - Stroke Control Valves/Feed to Tower/Level Control/Vacuum System/ Boiler	5
6	12	18-Feb	Th	2	Lecture	Operations Topics	

						Exam 1 Plant Operations - Stroke Control Valves/Feed to Tower/Level	
7	13	23-Feb	Т	3	Lab	Control/Vacuum System/Boiler	6
7	14	25-Feb	Th	2	Lecture	Operations Topics - Simtronics	
8	15	2-Mar	Т	3	Lab	Exam 2 Plant Operations - Run Plant	7
8	16	4-Mar	Th	2	Lecture	Operations Topics - Simtronics	
9	17	9-Mar	Т	3	Lab	Spring Break	
9	18	11-Mar	Th	2	Lecture	Spring Break	
10	19	16-Mar	Т	3	Lab	Exam 3 Plant Operations - Run Plant	8
10	20	18-Mar	Th	2	Lecture	Operations Topics - *	
11	21	23-Mar	Т	3	Lab	Exam 4 Plant Operations - Run Plant	9
11	22	25-Mar	Th	2	Lecture	Operations Topics - * Last day to drop March 26th	
12	23	30-Mar	Т	3	Lab	Plant Operations - Run Plant	10
12	24	1-Apr	Th	2	Lecture	Operations Topics - Simtronics	
13	25	6-Apr	Т	3	Lab	Practice Skills Test	11
13	26	8-Apr	Th	2	Lecture	Operations Topics	
14	27	13-Apr	Т	3	Lab	Skills Test	
14	28	15-Apr	Th	2	Lecture	Operations Topics	
15	29	20-Apr	Т	3	Lab	Skills Test	
15	30	22-Apr	Th	2	Lecture	Virtual Final Review	
16	31	27-Apr	Т	3	Lab	Final Exam - Turn in Simtronics Book & Blue Book	
		5-May	F			Grades Due	

## **Important Semester Dates:**

Last Day to Withdraw from Classes– Check BC Academic Calendar at <u>http://catalog.brazosport.edu/index.php</u>

## V. STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES

Brazosport College is committed to providing equal education opportunities to every student. BC offers services for individuals with special needs and capabilities including counseling, tutoring, equipment, and software to assist students with special needs. For student to receive any accommodation, documentation must be completed in the Office of Disability Services. Please contact Phil Robertson, Special Populations Counselor at 979-230-3236 for further information.

## VI. TITLE IX STATEMENT

Brazosport College faculty and staff are committed to supporting students and upholding the College District's non-discrimination policy. Under Title IX and Brazosport College's policy FFDA (Local), discrimination based on sex, gender, sexual orientation, gender identity, and gender expression is prohibited. If you experience an incident of discrimination, we encourage you to report it. While you may talk to a faculty or staff member at BC, please understand that they are "Responsible Employees" and must report what you tell them to college officials.

You can also contact the Title IX Coordinators directly by using the contact information below. Additional information is found on the Sexual Misconduct webpage at <u>www.brazosport.edu/sexualmisconduct</u>.

## VII. ACADEMIC HONESTY

Brazosport College assumes that students eligible to perform on the college level are familiar with the ordinary rules governing proper conduct including academic honesty. The principle of academic honesty is that all work presented by you is yours alone. Academic dishonesty including, but not limited to, cheating, plagiarism, and collusion shall be treated appropriately. Please refer to the Brazosport College Student Guide for more information. This is available online at http://www.brazosport.edu. Academic dishonesty violates both the policies of this course and the Student Code of Conduct. In this class, any occurrence of academic dishonesty will be referred to the Dean of Student Services for prompt adjudication, and may, at a minimum, result in  $\__F\_\____$  in this course. Sanctions may be imposed beyond your grade in this course by the Dean of Student Services.

## VIII. ATTENDANCE AND WITHDRAWAL POLICIES

Class attendance contributes to your final grade, but you must attend class to successfully complete the course. A total of 3 late arrivals (after roll is taken) will be assigned a value of one absence. If you have five (5) absences, you can be dropped from the class. Attendance will be taken for lecture and lab. Leaving early without instructor permission will result in an absence. The final grade will be adjusted based on attendance: +2 points for perfect attendance; -1 point/excused absence; -5 points/unexcused absence. To avoid any points from being subtracted from your grade, a call or email <u>ahead</u> of class time to let me know what why you will be absent or late (same expectation as a job).

If you are unable to complete this course, you must complete and submit a withdrawal form with the registrar (March 26, 2021). If the student decides to drop the class, it is the responsibility of the student to initiate a withdrawal before the withdrawal deadline in order to get a "W" on their transcript. If this is not done, the student will receive a grade based on test grades and class grades earned during their attendance and absence (i.e., zeros on all missed materials, exams, skills tests, and final exam).

#### IX. COURSE REQUIREMENTS AND GRADING POLICY TESTING MAKE-UP POLICY

- Exams: There will be a total of five "exams" and a final four major drawing exams and an exam grade made up of the average of 10 D2L quizzes (11 given with lowest score dropped). Each major exam will last approximately thirty minutes to one hour during class. The exact date of each Exam will be announced in class prior to the actual date of the exam and is noted in your syllabus. A missed exam is a zero unless the instructor is notified prior to the exam time. The D2L quizzes will cover materials covered in class the previous class meetings but can contain all materials covered to that point in time. Questions will come from lecture, plant operating procedures, simulator exercises, or items discussed in class and can cover previous classes as well.
- Attendance: Attendance will be taken for each class. Attendance counts as part of the final grade. Leaving early without instructor permission will result in an absence.

- Lab: The laboratory portion of the course consists of a 2+ hours lab per week which the student must attend. The lab grade counts as 40% of the final grade. The grade will be determined by skills test(s) given toward the end of the semester, completion of blue book exercises, and completion of assigned simulator book exercises. The student must demonstrate competency in operating the Process Equipment Trainer as will be determined by skills test(s) and personal observation during the semester.
- Final Exam: The final will be given at the end of the course. The final exam is comprehensive and counts as 20% of the final grade. It consists of questions covering simulator exercises as well as lecture and lab exercises – it is a comprehensive exam. The final will consist of 100 multiple choice questions (60%), 4-5 short answer questions (20%), and a plant drawing (20%)

Each of the above requirements counts toward your final grade as follows:

#### A. Grading:

Exams (5)	40%
Lab (Skills Test, Blue Book & Sim BK)	40%
Final Exam	<u>20%</u>
Total	100% (plus or minus attendance points)

Grade	Final Average
А	90-100
В	80-89
С	70-79
D	60-69
F	Below 60

Grades are assigned as follows:

\*Laboratory exercises will be conducted in teams with each student being evaluated according to their self-initiative, team skills and competency.

#### **B.** Make-Up Policy

There will be no make-up exams. A missed exam is a zero. Rescheduling ahead of class start time is acceptable in some cases for exams but must be scheduled through Learning Services at their scheduled exam times no more than a week after the original scheduled exam date. The student is responsible for scheduling with Learning Services.

#### C. Telecommunication Devices:

- 1. All electronic devices, including but not limited to cell phones, MUST be turned completely off or placed on vibrate for work-related callouts. All electronic devices must be stored so that they are not visible in the classroom.
- 2. CELL PHONES WILL NOT BE ALLOWED IN THE CLASSROOM. Use will result in 5 points subtracted from major exam grades.

3. Backpacks and other additional non-course materials carried into the classroom must be placed on the floor.

## X. STUDENT CONDUCT STATEMENT

Students are expected to be aware of and follow the Brazosport College Student Code of Conduct. Students have violated the Code if they "fail to comply with any lawful directions, verbal or written, of any official at BC." Lawful directions include precautions and requirements taken to prevent the spread of COVID-19 at Brazosport College. Students who do not follow safety requirements, including the wearing of a mask, may be removed from class by their instructor and referred to the Dean of Student Services.

# XI. CAMPUS CLOSURE STATEMENT

Brazosport College is committed to the health and safety of all students, staff, and faculty and adheres to all federal and state guidelines. The College intends to stay open for the duration of the semester, and provide access to classes and support services on campus in the safest way possible. The College will also comply with lawful orders given by applicable authorities, including the Governor of Texas, up to and including campus closure. It is possible that on campus activities may be moved online and/or postpone if such orders are given.

# XII. STUDENT RESPONSIBILITIES

Students are expected to fully participate in this course. This is a capston course for the Process Technology Program and a stepping stone into the process tech role. You are expected to conduct yourself with safety considerations for you and your fellow students, communicate, as well as treat your fellow students with respect and responsibility. The following criteria are intended to assist you in being successful in this course:

- 1. Understand the syllabus requirements and refer to it for questions. If still unclear feel free to call.
- 2. Use appropriate time management skills (your cell phone has a calenda and remind features.
- 3. Communicate with the instructor (If you're going to be late or absent, via email/phone call.
- 4. Complete course work on time, and
- 5. Utilize online components (such as Desire2Learn) as required.
- 6. Plan eight (8) hours total time outside class on Simtronic Simulator Exercises. (With virtural classroom, Simtronics Exercises will be done online as a group.

# A. Study Tips

Class attendance and participation in lab activities will be important to your success. Come to class prepared. A 15-to-30-minute daily review will significantly improve your recall of class materials.

## XIII. OTHER STUDENT SERVICES INFORMATION

Information about the Library is available at <u>http://brazosport.edu/students/for-students/places-services/library/about-the-library/</u> or by calling 979-230-3310.

For assistance with online courses, an open computer lab, online and make-up testing, audio/visual services, and study skills, visit Learning Services next to the Library, call 979-230-3253, or visit <a href="http://brazosport.edu/students/for-students/places-services/learning-services/">http://brazosport.edu/students/for-students/places-services/</a>learning-services/.

For drop-in math tutoring, the writing center, supplemental instruction and other tutoring including e-tutoring, visit the Student Success Center, call 979-230-3527, or visit <u>http://brazosport.edu/students/for-students/student-success-center/math-center/.</u>

To contact the Physical Sciences and Process Technologies Department call 979-230-3618.

The Student Services provides assistance in the following:

Counseling and Advising	979-230-3040
Financial Aid	979-230-3294
Student Life	979-230-3355

To reach the Information Technology Department for computer, email, or other technical assistance call the Helpdesk at 979-230-3266.



Get the information you need – when you need it. Click <u>http://geni.us/BRAZO</u> to install **BC Connect** on your mobile device to receive reminders, explore careers, map your educational plan, be in the know about events, find out about scholarships, achieve your goals and much more.